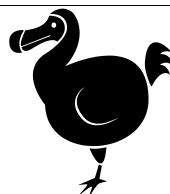


Adaptation Artistry

(Page 206 - PW Guide) (Page 88 - Flying WILD Guide)



*	Species Name:	
common_	scientific	

Habitat (food, water, shelter and space in a suitable arrangement)

Life History (size, adaptations, reproductive strategies, longevity etc.)

Trivia -- Did you know that?

Draw a colorful picture of your animal on another sheet of paper. If time and materials permit, create a 3D likeness of your animal.

Bird Adaptations and Function

Feature	Adaptation	Species of bird	Advantage
	Pouch – like	Pelican	Can scoop up fish
	Long, thin,	Avocet, snipe,	Can probe shallow water
	sometimes	woodcock, rail	and / or mud for insects
Danka	curved		and other small animals
Beaks	Pointed	Woodpecker	Can break and probe bark of trees for insects
	Curved or hook like	Hawks, eagles	Can tear solid tissue of animals it eats
	Short, stout	Cardinals, finches	Can crack seeds and nuts
	Slender, long	Hummingbird	Can probe flowers for nectar
	Webbed	Ducks, geese	Aids in swimming
	Long toes	Crane, heron	Aids in walking on mud
	Clawed	Hawk, eagle, owls	Can grasp food when
Foot			hunting prey
Feet	Grasping	Tanager, robin	Aids in sitting on branches, roosting
	Scratching	Turkey	Aids in finding food under leaves or on ground
	Long powerful	Ostrich, emu	Aids in running
Looc	Long slender	Heron, egret	Aids in wading
Legs	Powerful muscles	Eagles, hawk	Aids in lifting and carrying prey
	Bright plumage	Some male birds	Attraction in courtship and mating rituals
Coloration	Dull coloration	Some female birds	Aids in camouflage while nesting
	Change of	Ptarmigan	Provides camouflage
	plumage with		protection (brown in
	seasons		summer, white in winter)







